

THE

NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY.

Published by Authority.

WELLINGTON, TUESDAY, APRIL 16, 1918.

Order in Council fixing the Maximum Prices of Flour, Bran, and Pollard.

LIVERPOOL, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this sixteenth day of April, 1918.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, it is enacted that at any time when His Majesty is at war with any foreign State the Governor-General may, by Order in Council gazetted, fix and determine the maximum price in New Zealand of any class of goods: And whereas, in pursuance of the authority conferred on him, the Governor-General did, by Order in Council dated the fifth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, fix and determine the maximum price of flour in New Zealand: And whereas by Order in Council dated the fourteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, the Governor-General did fix and determine the maximum prices of bran and pollard in New Zealand: And whereas by Order in Council dated the eighth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, the Governor-General did fix and determine the maximum prices of bran and pollard when sold otherwise than by the manufacturers: And whereas it is now expedient to revoke the said Orders in Council and to make the following Order in Council in the place thereof:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the authority conferred on him as aforesaid, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of that Dominion, doth hereby revoke the hereinbefore-recited Orders in Council of the fifth day of February, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, of the fourteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and of the eighth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and doth hereby fix and determine the maximum prices in New Zealand of flour, bran, and pollard respectively in accordance with the provisions

of the Schedules hereto.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

1. When the nearest port is Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of flour as sold by the manufacturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port in 200 lb. sacks on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council shall be £15 10s. per ton; and in the case of sale by the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent, as regards the seller, to the maximum price above mentioned.

2. In this Schedule the term "nearest port" means the port of entry under the Customs Act, 1913, which is nearest to, or includes, the place of manufacture of the

flour sold.

3. When the nearest port is a port other than Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of flour as sold by the manufacturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port in 200 lb. sacks on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council shall be £15 10s. per ton, with such addition only as is equal to the cost of the carriage by sea of a ton of flour from Lyttelton to the said nearest port; and in the case of sale by the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent, as regards the seller, to the maximum price last above mentioned.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

1. When the nearest port is Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of bran and pollard as sold by the manufacturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council shall be £5 10s. per ton in the case of bran, and £7 10s. per ton in the case of pollard; and in the case of sale by the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent, as regards the seller, to the maximum prices above mentioned.

2. In this Schedule the term "nearest port" means the port of entry under the Customs Act, 1913, which is nearest to, or includes, the place of manufacture of the bran

or pollard sold.

3. When the nearest port is a port other than Lyttelton, Timaru, or Oamaru, the maximum price of bran or pollard as sold by the manufacturer for delivery free on board at the nearest port on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council shall be £5 10s. per ton in the case of bran, and £7 10s. per ton in the case of pollard, with such addition only as is equal to the cost of the carriage by sea of a ton of bran or pollard, as the case may be, from Lyttelton to the said nearest port; and in the case of sale by the manufacturer otherwise than in manner aforesaid, the maximum price shall be a price equivalent, as regards the seller, to the maximum price last above mentioned.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

When bran or pollard manufactured in New Zealand is sold to a purchaser by any person other than the manufacturer thereof, the maximum price thereof shall be the maximum price as set out in the Second Schedule hereto, with such addition only to that maximum price as is herein specified, namely:—

(a.) When sold in a quantity of half a ton or more, an addition at the rate of 10s. per ton in the case of bran and 15s. per ton in the case of pollard:

(b.) When sold in a quantity less than half a ton, an addition at the rate of 12s. 6d. per ton in the case of bran and 17s. 6d. per ton in the case of pollard.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

1. Notwithstanding anything in this Order in Council the Board of Trade may, by order made by it, authorize the sale of flour, bran, or pollard in any specified locality, or by any specified seller, at a price exceeding the maximum price fixed by the First, Second, and Third Schedules hereto by such amount as the Board thinks fit; and nothing in this Order in Council shall apply to the sale of flour, bran, or pollard in accordance with the authority so granted by the Board of Trade.

2. Any such authority may be at any time withdrawn by the Board of Trade by

order made by it.

J. F. ANDREWS, Clerk of the Executive Council. Revoking the Regulations under the War Regulations Act, 1914, with respect to the Sale and Purchase of Hides and Calf-skins.

LIVERPOOL, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this sixteenth day of April, 1918.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HEREAS by Order in Council of the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, published in the New Zealand Gazette of the same date, regulations were made, under the authority of the War Regulations Act, 1914, prohibiting, inter alia, the sale and purchase of hides and call-bases it is seen to or by the New Zealand Government: And whereas it is now expedient to revoke the said regulations so far as they relate to the matter aforesaid:

Now, therefore, I, Arthur William de Brito Savile, Earl of Liverpool, Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of that Dominion, and in pursuance of the War Regulations Act, 1914, and its amendments, do hereby revoke clauses three, four, and five of the regulations made under that Act by the aforesaid Order in Council of the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

> J. F. ANDREWS, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Prohibiting the Export of Hides and Calf-skins to any Destination.

LIVERPOOL, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL

At the Government House at Wellington, this sixteenth day of April, 1918.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HEREAS by Order in Council of the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and countries. thousand nine hundred and seventeen, issued under the authority of section forty-seven of the Customs Act, 1913, as extended by section twenty-four of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, the export of hides and calf-skins was prohibited to the extent therein set forth: And whereas it is expedient to revoke the said Order in Council, and in lieu of the prohibition therein contained to prohibit the export of hides and calf-skins in the manner hereinafter stated:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, in pursuance and exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section forty-seven of the Customs Act, 1913, and section twenty-four of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of that Dominion, doth hereby revoke the hereinbefore-recited Order in Council of the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and doth hereby prohibit the export of hides and calf-skins to any destination save with the consent of the Minister of Customs.

> J. F. ANDREWS Clerk of the Executive Council.

Notifying that the Government has ceased to purchase Hides and Calf-skins.

HEREAS by notice dated the 14th day of March, 1917, and published in the Gazette of the same date, the terms and conditions were set forth on which the New Zealand Government was prepared to purchase hides and calf-skins for and on behalf of His Majesty's Government of the United Kingdom: And whereas it is not desired to make further purchases of hides or calf-skins under the scheme set forth in the said notice of the 14th day of March, 1917:

Now, therefore, it is hereby notified, for the information of the public and of all persons concerned, that no further purchases of hides or calf-skins will be made by the Government under the said scheme, save and except hides and calf-skins which were held by a Government Broker or Purchasing Agent on the 28th day of March, 1918, and in

respect of which the requirements imposed by clause 5 of the aforesaid notice had been complied with on or before that day.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1918.

W. F. MASSEY, Minister in Charge of Department of Imperial Government Supplies.

Fixing the Maximum Price of Butter.

LIVERPOOL, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this sixteenth day of April, 1918. Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of that Dominion, and in pursuance of the authority conferred by the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, doth hereby fix and determine the maximum price of butter in New Zealand in accordance with the provisions of the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE.

1. The maximum price of butter as sold by the manufacturer and delivered in boxes at the factory on the usual trade terms as established at the date of this Order in Council shall be one shilling and fivepence per pound.

2. In the case of butter sold in boxes by the manufacturer otherwise than for delivery at the factory on the usual trade terms as aforesaid, the maximum price thereof shall be a price equivalent as regards the seller to the maximum price above mentioned.

3. The maximum price of butter as sold by the retailer shall be one

shilling and eightpence per pound.

J. F. ANDREWS Clerk of the Executive Council.

Purchase of Butter by the Government.

HEREAS it was notified in the New Zealand Gazette of the 4th February, 1918, that the New Zealand Government was prepared to purchase, for and on behalf of His Majesty's Government of the United Kingdom, the whole of the exportable surplus of butter manufactured in New Zealand during the season commencing on the 1st day of September, 1917, and ending on the 31st day of July, 1918, at the prices and on the terms and conditions therein set forth:

And whereas, in pursuance of the said notice, certain purchases of butter have been made by the New Zealand Government on behalf of His Majesty's Government of the United Kingdom, and certain further supplies of butter are now in the grading stores pending the purchase thereof as aforesaid:

And whereas it appears that all butter of the said season's manufacture not already in the grading stores, together with a certain proportion of the butter already in the grading stores, is required for local consumption within New Zealand, and therefore is not exportable surplus within the meaning of the aforesaid notice:

Now, therefore, it is hereby publicly notified, for the information of butter-manufacturers and of all other persons concerned, that no butter of a quality fit for local consumption will hereafter be made the subject of purchase by the Government or of advances by the Government under the aforesaid notice gazetted on the 4th day of February, 1918, unless it is in the grading stores on the day of the date of this present notice.

And, further, that no butter of a quality fit for local consumption and already in the grading stores on the day of this present notice, on which no advance has heretofore been made by the Government, will be made the subject of Government purchase or advance as aforesaid except such proportion thereof as in the opinion of the Controller of the Department of Imperial Supplies is not required for local consumption and is exportable surplus accordingly.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1918.

W. F. MASSEY, Minister in Charge, Department of Imperial Government Supplies. Prohibiting the Exportation of Electrical Material.

LIVERPOOL, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House at Wellington, this sixteenth day of April, 1918.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HEREAS by section forty-seven of the Customs Act, VV 1913, as extended by section twenty-four of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, it is enacted that the Governor-General may from time to time, by Order in Council gazetted, prohibit the exportation of any goods the prohibition of the exportation of which is in his opinion

the prohibition of the exportation of which is in his opinion necessary in the public interest:

And whereas, in the opinion of the Governor-General, it is necessary in the public interest that the exportation of machinery, furniture, fittings, instruments, materials, and appliances for the generation, transmission, application, or utilization of electricity or of electric power of any description whatever, including carbon in block, sheet, or rod, mica, vulcanite, or other insulating material, and rubber or guttanereds solutions should be prohibited to the extent and in

vulcanite, or other insulating material, and rubber or guttapercha solutions, should be prohibited to the extent and in the manner hereinafter appearing:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, in pursuance of the powers and authorities conferred upon him by section forty-seven of the Customs Act, 1913, and section twenty-four of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Act, 1914, and of all other powers and authorities enabling him in that behalf, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of that Dominion, doth hereby prohibit the exportation of machinery, furniture, fittings, instruments, materials, and appliances for the generation, transmission,

application, or utilization of electricity or of electric power of any description whatever, including carbon in block, sheet, or rod, mica, vulcanite, or other insulating material, and rubber or guttapercha, solutions from the said Dominion, save with the consent of the Minister of Customs.

J. F. ANDREWS, Clerk of the Executive Council.

Removing the Prohibition of the Importation into New Zealand of a certain Publication.

LIVERPOOL, Governor-General. ORDER IN COUNCIL

At the Government House at Wellington, this sixteenth day of April, 1918.

Present :

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

IS Excellency the Governor-General of the Dominion of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said Dominion, and in pursuance and exercise of the powers conferred on him by section forty-six of the Customs Act, 1913, and section two of the Regulation of Trade and Commerce Amendment Act, 1915, and all other powers and authorities enabling him in that behalf, doth hereby amend the Schedule to the Order in Council made on the twelfth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and published in the New Zealand Gazette of the sixteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, by omitting the periodical publication called The Delineator specified in the Schedule thereto.

J. F. ANDREWS, Clerk of the Executive Council.

By Authority: MARCUS F. MARKS, Government Printer, Wellington.

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